SEASONAL FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS ASSESSMENT — HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY ANALYSIS









19,688,451



NOV 2020

Number of population in deficit

4,696,0201 deficit: 541,842

Needs

\$\$ 7,196,708,058

207,279 мт

Population

National

Population

206,139,589

Number of children in need (under 5)

798,323

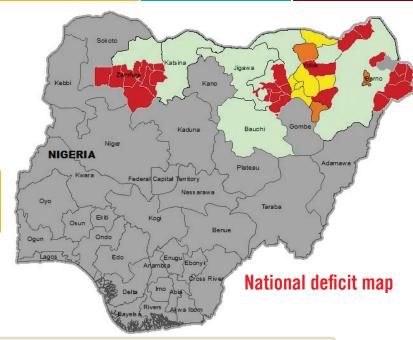
Population in needs (evolution)

4,696,020

Number of population facing deficit (November 2020) 1,552,842

Number of population facing deficit (November 2019) 1,754,897

Number of population facing deficit average last 5 years



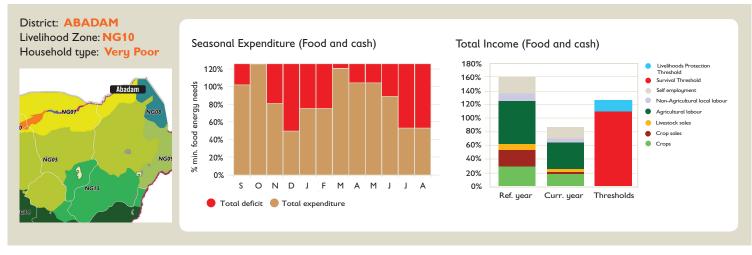
Impacts on Total Yearly Income 580,299 536,354 362,268 322,412 286,954 193,126 NG10: BORNO NG12: BORNO NG12: SCG ZAMFARA **ABADAN MANGONO ANKA** Ref. Year income Cur. Year income

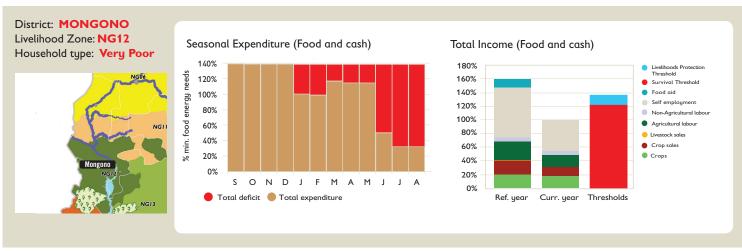
Key parameters impacted

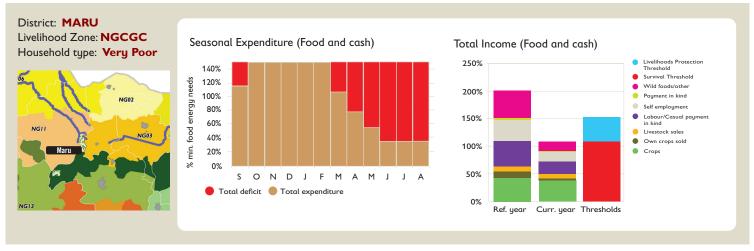
Livelihood zones	Baseline (in Naira)	Current year (in Naira)	Variation
Abadan	212,168	127,476	-40%
Mangono	266,817	166,250	-38%
Anka	187,570	95,504	-49%



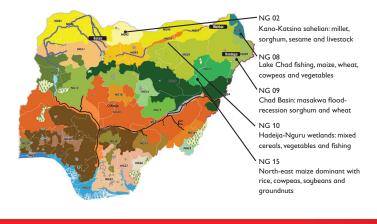
Household and Seasonal Impacts







Livelihood Zones



What is HEA

- Household Economy Analysis is a livelihoods-based framework for analyzing the way people obtain access to the things they need to survive and prosper.
- HEA consists of a baseline profile of household economics, complemented by Outcome Analyses that measure the impacts of different shocks on those household economics.
- The impacts are measured in relation to how households can acquire the food and cash they need to meet a Survival Deficit* or Livelihoods Protection threshold**.
- Survival deficit: minimum cost to access 2100 kcals in food and costs associated with the preparation and consumption of that food, along with water needs. Households below this threshold need humanitarian assistance to survive.
- *** Livelihoods protection threshold: income required to sustain current livelihoods activities and access to basic services. Households below this threshold have eroded resilience and need assistance to protect livelihoods.