SEASONAL FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS ASSESSMENT - HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY ANALYSIS









18,235,492



NOV 2020

MALI

Number of population in deficit

Needs

\$\$ 1,222,275



Population



Population

National



18,485,069

Number of children in need (under 5)

107,469

635,913

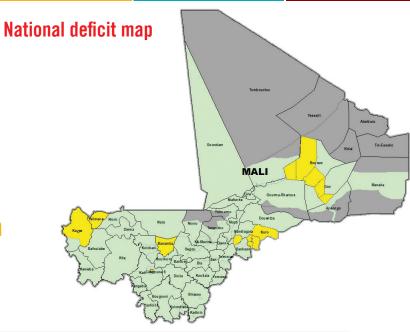
Population in needs (evolution)

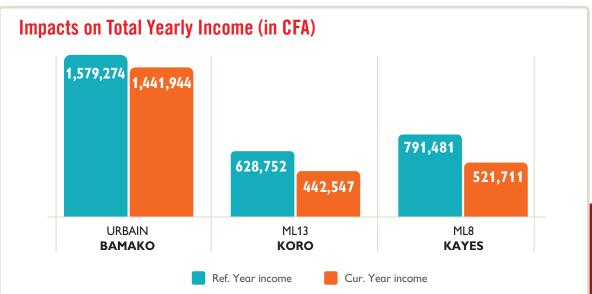
635,913

Number of population facing deficit (November 2020) 11,435

Number of population facing deficit (November 2019) 61,977

Number of population facing deficit average last 5 years



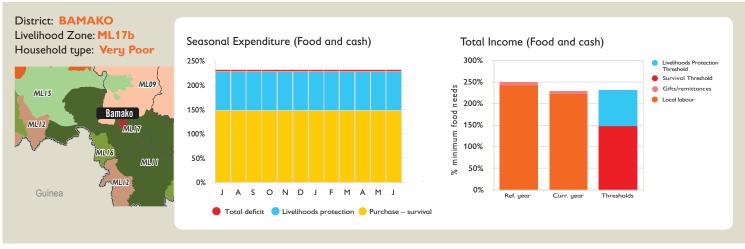


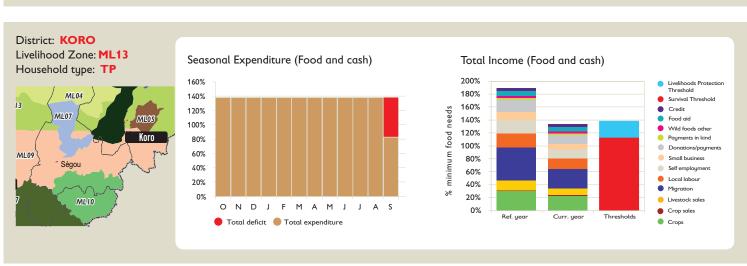
Key parameters impacted

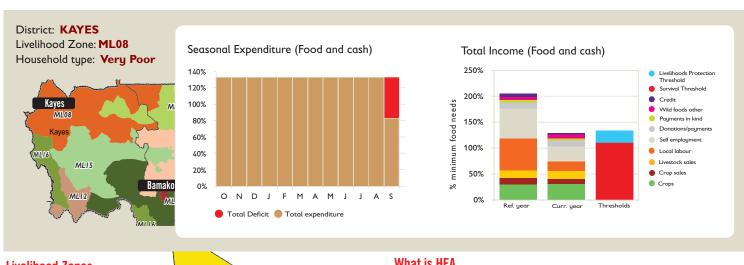
Livelihood zones	Baseline (in CFA)	Current (in CFA)	Variation
Urban	1,528,761	143,305	-91%
Koro ML13	166,772	99,205	-41%
Kayes ML8	239,053	80,850	-66%

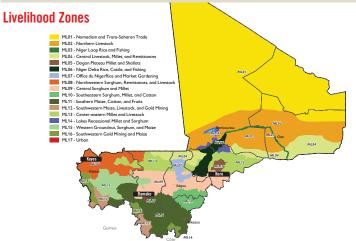


Household and Seasonal Impacts









What is HEA

- Household Economy Analysis is a livelihoods-based framework for analyzing the way people obtain access to the things they need to survive and prosper.
- HEA consists of a baseline profile of household economics, complemented by Outcome Analyses that measure the impacts of different shocks on those household
- The impacts are measured in relation to how households can acquire the food and cash they need to meet a Survival Deficit* or Livelihoods Protection threshold**.
- Survival deficit: minimum cost to access 2100 kcals in food and costs associated with the preparation and consumption of that food, along with water needs. Households below this threshold need humanitarian assistance to survive.
- Livelihoods protection threshold: income required to sustain current livelihoods activities and access to basic services. Households below this threshold have eroded resilience and need assistance to protect livelihoods.