

Key parameters impacted

Livelihood zones	Key parameter	Baseline (in CFA)	Current (in CFA)	Variation
NE04	Crops	110,703	47,126	-57%
Agropastorale Téra	Local labour	108,195	71,801	-34%
NE04 Agropastorale Abala	Crops	140,370	28,775	-80%
	Local labour	137,186	52,167	-62%
Urbain Niamey ARR II	Local labour	1,163,090	883,649	-24%







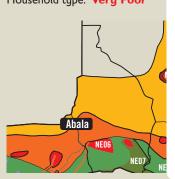




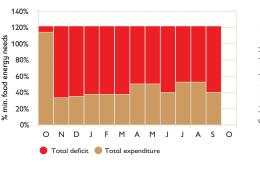


Household and Seasonal Impacts

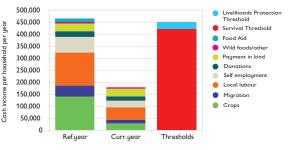
District: ABALA Livelihood Zone: NE04 Household type: Very Poor



Seasonal Expenditure (Food and cash)

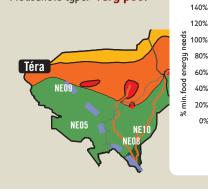


Total Income (Food and cash)



District: TÉRA Livelihood Zone: NE04

Household type: Very poor



Seasonal Expenditure (Food and cash)

100%

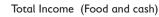
80%

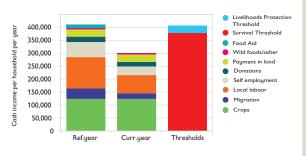
60%

40%

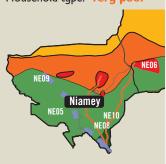
20%

0%





District: NIAMEY ARR II Livelihood Zone: NIA Household type: Very poor



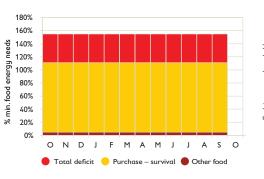
Seasonal Expenditure (Food and cash)

N D

J F

🛑 Total deficit 🛑 Total expenditure

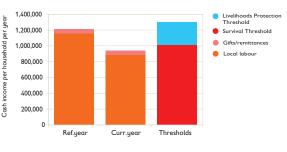
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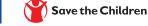
Total Income (Food and cash)



NE02 – Aïr Massif Irrigated Gardening **Livelihood Zones** NE03 – Transhumant and Nomad Pastoralism NE03 – Transhumant and Nomad Pastoralism-Camels NE04 – Agropastoral Belt NE05 – Rainfed Millet and Sorahum Belt NE06 – Cropping/Herding with High Work Outmigration NE07 – Southern Irrigated Cash Crops NE08 - Southwestern Cereals with Fan-Palm Products NE09 - Niger River Irrigated Rice NE10 – Dallols – Seasonal Water-Course Irrigated Crops Abala NE11 – Southeastern Natron Salt and Small Basin Irrigated Dates NE12 – Komadougou Irrigated Peppers NE13 – Lake Chad Flood-Retreat Cultivation with Fishing Not Zoned (Desert) Not Zoned (Desert)

What is HEA

- Household Economy Analysis is a livelihoods-based framework for analyzing the way people obtain access to the things they need to survive and prosper.
- HEA consists of a baseline profile of household economics, complemented by Outcome Analyses that measure the impacts of different shocks on those household economics.
- The impacts are measured in relation to how households can acquire the food and cash they need to meet a Survival Deficit* or Livelihoods Protection threshold**.
- Survival deficit: minimum cost to access 2100 kcals in food and costs associated with the preparation and consumption of that food, along with water needs. Households below this threshold need humanitarian assistance to survive.
- Livelihoods protection threshold: income required to sustain current livelihoods activities and access to basic services. Households below this threshold have eroded resilience and need assistance to protect livelihoods.









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For more information on HEA, please visit: <u>hea-sahel.org</u>, <u>heacod.org</u> or <u>foodeconomy.com</u>