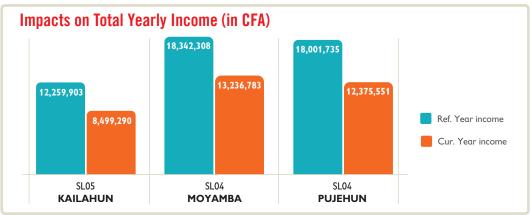


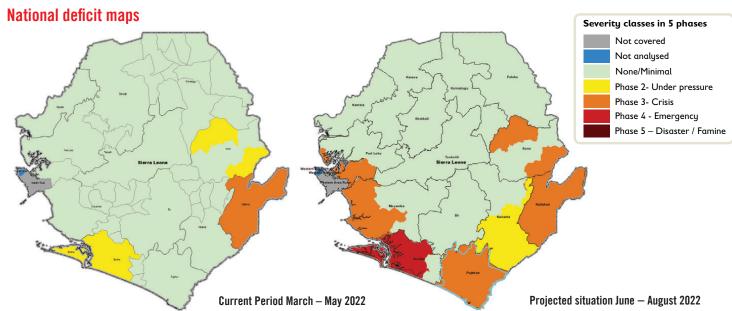


# SEASONAL FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS ASSESSMENT — HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY ANALYSIS

# SIERRA LEONE MARCH 2022

Date	National Population	Population R	Number of population in deficit	1100us III 100u	Number of children in need (under 5)
October 2021	8,195,990	4,994,656	592,135	<b>Cash:</b> \$ 9,810.274 Foods: 9,262 MT	78,161
Update October in March 2022	8,195,990	4,994 656	429,383	Cash: \$ 14,036.816 Foods: 12,817 MT	76,387





### Key parameters impacted

Livelihood zones	Key parameter	Baseline	Current year	Variation
Kailahun (SL05)	Crop sales	1,958,726	550,279	-72%
	Cash transfer	1,672,297	492,485	-71%
	Local labour	6,219,115	4,363,541	-30%
Moyamba (SL04)	Wild foods/other	2,110,935	457,493	-78%
	Crops	4,643,780	5,980,140	29%
Pujehun (SL04)	Wild foods/other	2,071,740	457,352	-78%



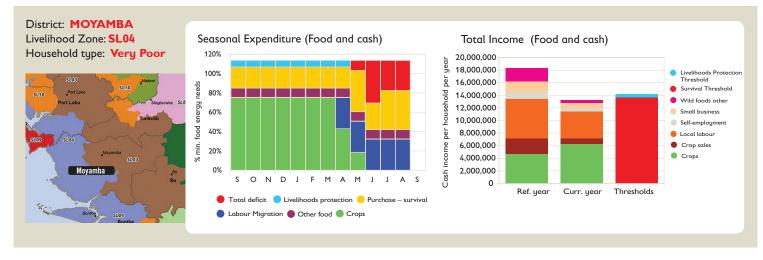


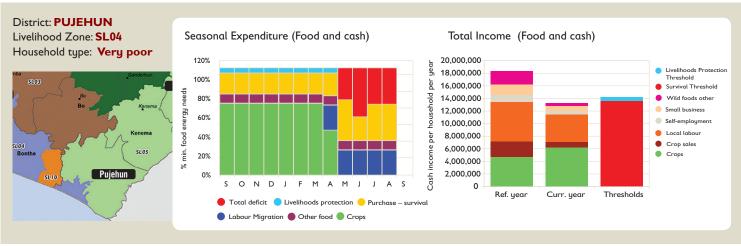


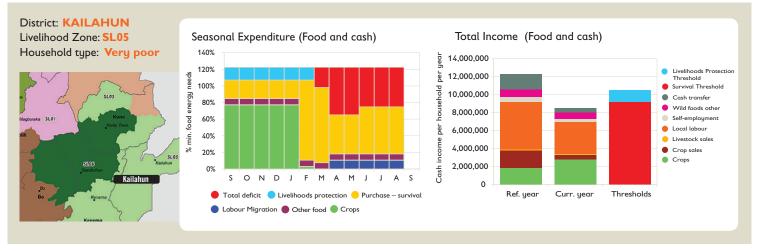




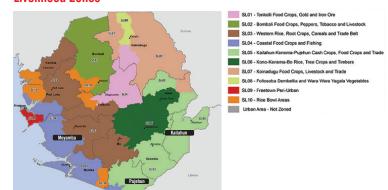
## **Household and Seasonal Impacts**







#### **Livelihood Zones**



#### What is HEA

- Household Economy Analysis is a livelihoods-based framework for analyzing the way people obtain access to the things they need to survive and prosper.
- HEA consists of a baseline profile of household economics, complemented by Outcome Analyses that measure the impacts of different shocks on those household economics.
- The impacts are measured in relation to how households can acquire the food and cash they need to meet a Survival Deficit\* or Livelihoods Protection threshold\*\*.
- \* Survival deficit: minimum cost to access 2100 kcals in food and costs associated with the preparation and consumption of that food, along with water needs. Households below this threshold need humanitarian assistance to survive.
- \*\* Livelihoods protection threshold: income required to sustain current livelihoods activities and access to basic services. Households below this threshold have eroded resilience and need assistance to protect livelihoods.













